**CIVIL WAR REVIEW PART 1**

1. The first slaves were brought to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Colony by the Dutch.

1. Jamestown
2. Massachusetts
3. Rhode Island

 2. Most slaves who worked in the fields of the South worked from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

1. sunrise to supper time
2. breakfast to supper
3. sunrise to sunset

 3. Most of the slave states were in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. North
2. South

 4. Most of the free states were in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. North
2. South

 5.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ out of 6,000,000 Southerners owned slaves.

1. 350,000
2. 3,000,000
3. 4,000,000

 6. Fewer than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had 100 or more slaves.

1. 20
2. 2000
3. 2,000,000

 7. Most slave owner only had about \_\_\_\_\_\_ slaves.

1. 2
2. 4
3. 50
4. 100

 8. By 1850 only slaves\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were living in the North.

1. 250
2. 25
3. 2500

 9. Two slaves who started slave uprisings were Nat Turner and Harriet Tubman.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ True  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ False

 10. In the year 1831 Nat Turner led the largest slave uprising in history. In it more than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ whites died.

1. 60
2. 100
3. 600

 11. People called abolitionists were against slavery.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_True \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_False

 12. The Underground Railroad helped take slaves to the South.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_True \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_False

 13. Frederick Douglass wrote *Uncle Tom's Cabin.*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_True \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_False

 14. *Uncle Tom's Cabin* was banned in the North.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_True \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_False

 15. The abolitionists wanted to do away with slavery. They formed the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Society in 1833.

1. Freed Men
2. National Antislavery
3. Liberator
4. Society in 1833

 16. Because of the Fugitive Slave Law, the abolitionists had to send slaves further north to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

1. Maine
2. Canada
3. the North Pole

 17. One black woman named \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ helped more than 300 slaves to escape.

1. Harriet Tubman
2. Harriet Beecher Stowe

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Write the letter of the correct match on the right. | |
| 18.    \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ William Lloyd Garrison  19.    \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Box Brown  20. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Frederick Douglass  21. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Harriet Tubman  22. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Harriet Beecher Stowe  23. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Simon Legree | a. wrote *Uncle Tom's Cabin* b. killed Uncle Tom c. editor of *The Liberator* d. guided more than 300 people on the Underground Railroad e. mailed himself to freedom f. ex-slave writer and speaker |

 24. Under the Fugitive Slave Law people in the North had to:

1. help slaves get to Canada.
2. run the Underground Railroad.
3. own slaves themselves.
4. help bounty hunters catch slaves in the North.

 25. Warfare broke out in "Bleeding Kansas" over

1. whether people from the North or the South should be allowed to come there.
2. whether Uncle Tom's Cabin was a good book or not.
3. whether the state should be slave or free.

 26. The Dred Scott case was decided by the Supreme Court. The court said that:

1. Scott was a free man.
2. a slave was property and could not sue anyone.
3. slavery was to be outlawed in the state Scott came from.
4. Scott should never have been made a slave.

 27. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Act created two new states and repealed the Compromise of 1850.

1. Kansas-Nebraska
2. Compromise of 1854
3. Bleeding Kansas

 28. The big issue in the Presidential election of 1856 was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. the railroad
2. slavery
3. emigrants coming to America

 29. The Presidential election of 1856 was won by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

1. Dred Scott
2. James Buchanan
3. William Lloyd Garrison

30. Steven Douglas wanted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

1. all states to be free states
2. all states to be slave states
3. states to decide if they were slave or not

 31. Abraham Lincoln wanted\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

1. all states to be free states
2. all states to be slave states
3. states to decide if they were slave or not

 32. Abraham Lincoln said, "A house divided against itself cannot stand." What did he mean by this?

1. houses should not have outbuildings
2. the people of the United States need to work together
3. the United States should divide into two nations

 33. Who won the election in 1858 for senator of Illinois?

1. Abraham Lincoln
2. Stephen Douglas

 34. The main issue of the election for President in 1860 was:

1. how many new states should be made.
2. whether to make a railroad from S. Louis to California.
3. slavery.
4. whether to print more U. S. dollars.

 35. During the election campaign, Lincoln was in favor of:

1. freeing all the slaves.
2. allowing slavery everywhere in the United States.
3. no slavery in the territories and new states, but keeping it in the states where it already was.
4. passing a new Kansas-Nebraska Act.

 36. Lincoln was afraid that the slavery issue would:

1. lead to a break-up of the Union, with the southern states forming a new nation.
2. kill thousands of white people.
3. spread to Canada and Europe.
4. cause England to go to war with the United States.

37. The first state to leave the Union was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. South Carolina
2. Mississippi
3. Florida

38. The first state to leave the Union left on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

1. December 25, 1859
2. December 20, 1959
3. December 25, 1860
4. December 20, 1860

39. The Civil War began with the southern troops firing on\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

1. Fort Sumter
2. Gettysburg
3. Richmond

40. The Civil War begin in the state of  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

1. Virginia
2. Pennsylvania
3. South Carolina
4. Mississippi